

BIOGRAPHY FORM
WORKS PROGRESS ADMINISTRATION
Indian-Pioneer History Project for Oklahoma

LOCKWOOD, EDD.

INTERVIEW.

8130.

Field Worker's name Jasper H. Mead.

This report made on (date) July 29, 1937.

1. Name Mr. Edd Lockwood.

2. Post Office Address Chickasha, Oklahoma.

3. Residence address (or location) Ht. 3, Chickasha, Oklahoma.

4. DATE OF BIRTH: Month June Day 1 Year 1871.

5. Place of birth New York City, New York.

6. Name of Father James Lockwood. Place of birth New York City,

Other information about father Age at death 84.

7. Name of Mother Elyobeth Millet. Place of birth Indiana.

Other information about mother Died at 40.

Notes or complete narrative by the field worker dealing with the life and story of the person interviewed. Refer to Manual for suggested subjects and questions. Continue on blank sheets if necessary and attach firmly to this form. Number of sheets attached 2.

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Jasper H. Mead,
field worker,
July 29, 1937.

an Interview with Edd Lockwood,
Rt. 3 Chickasha, Oklahoma.

My name is Edd Lockwood. I came to Oklahoma in 1871, fifty-six years ago; the first place my folks and I landed was at Hennessey. There were only two buildings there, a small grocery store and a little blacksmith shop, and there were not very many people around there. The people who were there were called Squatters. Each man practically held the land he was on by using a rifle.

There was one well near there, which was owned by the man who owned the grocery store whose name was Newt Jammison.

We lived around there for several years and finally moved to Chickasha in 1900; ~~this was then a small place that had four or five wooden frame buildings.~~

One of these buildings was a small hardware store run by two men named Gilkey and Jarboe. The store still exists in Chickasha and is the largest and best hardware store in town.

I worked for Gilkey and Jarboe long enough to learn the harness business.

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-2-

Chickasha was built in what I would call a mud hole and there was a nice sized lake where the old First National Bank building stands today.

Chickasha is located in one of the richest farming valleys of the Washita river but when I came here in 1900 seven years before statehood there were quite a few Choctaw and Cherokee Indians around, but the most of the Indians were located up the Washita River at a place called Anadarko.

Anadarko is an old Indian town named after the Anadarko Indians. It was a very prominent place and is the place where the Government had headquarters in transacting business with the Indians.

When I first came to Oklahoma schools around where I was were unheard of. All through that part of the country were ranches and cattle, as people then thought that the cattle business was the only way to make money, and it was at that time.

Today Chickasha has three railroads.