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Boggy Depot
Miss Clara Eddy
Toll Bridge
Salt Works

LEGEND & STORY FORM
WORKS PROGRESS ADMINISTRATION
Indian-Pioneer History Project for Oklahoma

Field worker's name Joe Southern, Atoka, Oklahoma.

This report made on (date) April 14 1937

1. This legend was secured from (name) Mrs. T. T. Inge

Address Atoka, Oklahoma, Atoka, County.

This person is (male or female) ^XWhite, ^XNegro, Indian,

If Indian, give tribe _____

2. Origin and history of legend or story Civil War - 1858 to 1872

3. Write out the legend or story as completely as possible. Use blank sheets and attach firmly to this form. Number of sheets attached 2 pages.

Joe Southern,
Field Worker.

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An Interview With Mrs. T. T. Inge,
Atoka, Oklahoma.

Mrs. T. T. Inge, born in Green County, Georgia, August 20, 1848, came to Boggy Depot, Indian Territory, in 1858, and lived there until 1871. Mail was carried from Doaksville, Indian Territory, and Bohham, Texas, horseback. First school she attended was at Boggy Depot, Indian Territory, in log house covered with native clapboards, floored with split logs. The teacher was a young lady from Illinois, a missionary, whose name was Miss Clara Eddy. She remained single through life, and when she died, she was buried in the Boggy Depot Cemetery. A doctor of that time was Dr. E. N. Wright, Choctaw Indian. The contagious disease of that time was smallpox which broke out from the Southern Soldiers camped there. Several died and were buried at Boggy Depot Cemetery.

First toll bridge was on Stage line on Clear Boggy River, between Atoka and Boggy Depot, Indian Territory. This bridge was a wooden structure built by Joe Morris, and the keeper was J. C. Folsom, a Choctaw Indian.

A hotel was at Boggy Depot in 1860, Mrs. Inge remembers, and the keeper was Alexander Nicklos. This building was also of logs, a double log house with a hall between, floored with split logs and covered with

rived boards.

The Salt works located two miles southwest of Boggy Depot was owned by Giles Thompson.

G. B. Hester was captain of the Southern Army camped at Boggy Depot, during the Civil War.

Original owner of the townsite of Atoka, Oklahoma, is Eliza Ann Flax, a Choctaw Indian.

Mrs. Inge moved from Boggy Depot, in 1871, to Atoka, Indian Territory. Then was married to T. T. Inge in September 26, 1872, at Boggy Depot. (Her maiden name was Tishie Hough).

Mrs. Inge remembers her father and mother owned a spinning wheel and a loem. The neighbors also would meet with them to spin and weave cloth for clothing. Food was very difficult to get. Their meats were principally wild game, some beef and hog meat. Her father and Capt. Hester being very close friends, they were able to get their bread stuff through him during the Civil War.