Well, to begin with, what we were hoping, was to give the boys--whoever was to apply for the loan--we want to give them plenty of time. Like, say, thirty year. That's what we set our goal for--thirty years. And the first five years, that would be kind of a free ride. No interest on the loan (the first five years). When we got it back (the loan program), well, it was for short terms--five years.

(The government put that in?)

Yeah, the government. They took that twenty-five or thirty years away.

(What was the interest they settled on?)

I think it was four per cent. I'm not sure.

(Bonnie: What about a farmer who tried that--what if he went broke and you had the money to pay back the loan--would he have to pay back the loan?)

Yeah, they have to pay it. They have to pay it back some way. Of course there were co-signers. Somebody--maybe the father, mother, or sister or brother--someone--or in-laws. Somebody. (They have to use their lease money to pay on the loan?)

Yeah, they have to use their lease money in order to-
(To pay off their son's or their brother's loan?)

As long as they're paying on their loan—the interest—you get your lease money. But as quick as they get behind, they take out so much of your lease money.

(Oh--they take it out in the Officé?)
Yeah.

(Before you even get it?)

Yeah. See, if you're about a thousand dollars behind, at that time you don't get but only two- or two-fifty- or maybe three hundred dollars a year on your lease-that time. Boy, you don't get nothing!

(What do they get now on their leases?)

Well, back there, compared to up to date--back there I got five hundred--back in the forties.

(Is that for 160 acres?)

Right here. One hundred and fifty-five acres is what I got here. I got five hundred dollars. Today I get fifteen seventy-five