

when the Indians recorded it. 1833. (See James Mooney's Calendar History of the Kiowas.) Because it corresponded with meteorite showers that were recorded that year. The Indians were camped near Cooperton, Oklahoma. And before Cooperton was ever made, you remember that. That's way back there, a hundred years ago. And we were going by Indian names at that time. And the new names for the campsite now is Baker's Peak. After the settlement of this country in 1901, the early settlers used to have a picnic and they heard about the story and places in the old country. And people gathered at a place and have a big picnic and celebration. And they called it Baker's Peak. Baker's Peak is a little mountain where Kiowas were fleeing from the massacre, climbing up the mountain. That's where they was camped.

(What did the Kiowas call that mountain?)

What's the date? (He didn't hear the question.)

(No. What name did the Kiowas have for the mountain?)

Well, they don't have no special name for it, yet. But they just said End-of-the-Mountain-Camp. End-of-the-Mountain-Camp.

(End-of-the-Mountain-Camp.)

They just call it a campsite. All the warriors had gone out on a war expedition. Most of the males, and hunting. And they were not in camp. They'd be gone maybe a week or ten days before they returned. They'd go way out in the west on the plains to kill buffalo. If they don't get any then they come back the same day. They go out and kill the herd and the next day or two they go into another herd and they dry the meat. And they jerk it. Sun dry the meat. And after they get a winter supply, they come back in. Well, most of the young warriors had left on different war