

'Course, lots of our government is coming from Detroit, Michigan.

(Uh-huh.)

See, Detroit was way back during the Revolutionary days, you know.

(Yeah.)

And the British were in there, so the Ottawas were fighting against the British with the colonial army.

(Uh-hum.)

And so our chief at that time, his name was Pontiac. Which I am a descendant of Pontiac.

(Yeah. Yeah, Chief Pontiac was certainly well known and still remembered by many people.)

Yeah, he was more or less educated through the white settlers, during the colonial days he was educated by them.

(Yeah.)

He had quite an education, and an education from experience.

(Yeah.)

You're writing this down.

(I'm writing this down.)

So if you record this you can read it off to me and I'll quote it.

(All these Indian tribes they had a hard time.)

Yes, they have.

(They started moving them around. Now they were all right in their homeland.)

Yeah. The government got to moving them around.

(Yeah.)

And that's-- wasn't no good for the Indians.

(No, when you move him away from his homeland.)

See, they were about six hundred at Ohio or Kansas.