Indian Institute University of Oklahoma

B. W. JOLLY, NON-INDIAN TRANSCRIPT OF TAPE MADE 6-7-67 INTERVIEWED BY: WILLIAM SAVAGE TRANSCRIBED BY: MARY HAIR

GENERAL SUBJECT: LIFE IN CARNEGIE, CIRCA 1907

PARTICULAR TOPICS DISCUSSED: DESCRIPTION OF INDIANS GREEN-CORN DANCE, SPRING, 1907 SAMONE CAMP GROUNDS DISAPPEARANCE OF KIOWA LANGUAGE OPENING OF KIOWA, APACHE, AND COMANCHE RESERVATION JOLLY FAMILY NEWSPAPER CONNECTIONS CARNEGIE BASEBALL TOURNAMENT CARNEGIE TRI-COUNTY FAIR SEGER INDIAN SCHOOL

PRELIMINARY CONVERSATION

(This is Bill Savage with Mr. B. W. Jolly, a long time resident of Carnegie, Oklahoma. The date is June the 7th, 1967 and Mr. Jolly is going to tell us about some of his recollections of early days in and around Carnegie when he and his family came down to Oklahoma from Kansas.)

DESCRIPTION OF INDIANS

We had first come from Kansas to Carney, Lincoln County, Oklahoma, in 1894, where our father had bought a relinquishment a mile north of the small town of Carney. We fremained there until February, 1907, when we moved to Carnegie, Caddo County, Øklahoma which has since been the family home. When we came to Carnegie there were five boys in the family and later another brother joined to make six in this family. When we came to ^Carnegie, of course, everything was new to us. The farming was different and the products of corn and cotton were very much greater than we had been accustomed to in the poorer land of Lincoln County. One thing, of course, that was partice arregie, which is the center of the Kiowa tribe. At first, coming to this community, of course, in 1907, many Indians--practically all Indians wore long hair and blankets. They were very common.

GREEN-CORN DANCE, SPRING, 1907

And of course, in the spring of 1907, shortly after we had arrived, the Green-