

(Uh-huh.)

But I think then they will be gone too because more Indian children marry into white people. I think that'll be gone, because right now, this morning I was over there and a woman came down with three kids at the hospital. Wanted to get into the hospital because one of the girls was sick. And she wanted to be eligible. She didn't know how much Indian she was. All right, they had to go in and check back. Come to find out, she is quarter. Well in order to prove she is quarter we got an arrangement made for them to be eligible. They have to have three witnesses. And go before the Notary Republic and make affidavit. Now these people say, "Yeah, we know this woman--this man is quarter." All right, they got a representative sign it. Verify that these people know that this person is an Indian, about a quarter. So this morning she look like a white woman. But she claimed that she was quarter because there were three people that said so. And then there's been an argument about this Indian over here. I don't recall his name, but he said that we got some Indians that is that way. He said that we going to be without a hospital and white people going to take over. Well, that's what I feel about it now. The white people, the colored people or anybody if they're sick they need to be in the hospital. So I'm going to go along with anybody--if it's their health I'm going to go along with it. I am not going to say, "That's mine. That's an Indian hospital." That's no Indian or anything.

(What do you think, Mr. Beams, that are some of the major problems of the Choctaws down in this part of the country?)

SOME OF THE PROBLEMS OF THE CHOCTAWS

The most problem we had is financial problem. (laughter)

(Everybody has that problem.)

No. I tell you we have more Indians on Welfare, I'm not say--that's just my thinking, in our area now, as much as it is anywhere else.