

abe
Phillips Gordon Delamater

Ernest Benedict

David
Richmond

Basil
Cook
Jimmy
Landon

Johnny Fadden
Johnny White
Clyde
Angus Benson
Lark



Phil Cook

Tom
William
me Donald
Dobson

Alex

Augusto
Phil Cook

Randy Jark The Iroquois Creed

Julius Cook
William Martin

David Bero
He believed in an all powerful Great Spirit, in the immortality of the soul, in a life everlasting, and in the fraternity of all life.

With an Iroquois a thankful heart was prayer. He did not seek to instruct the Great Creator what to do on earth or in the celestial world, for he had faith that in his wisdom God knew what was right and best.

He believed that it was natural to be honorable and truthful, and cowardly to lie. His promise was absolutely binding. He hated and despised a liar, and held all falsehood to be a weakness.

He believed in reverence for his parents, and in old age supported them, even as he expected his children to support him. He honoured his father and mother and their fathers before them.

He believed in a forgiving spirit, preferring atonement to revenge, in converting enemies into friends.

He believed in peace. The sentiment of universal brotherhood was always his policy.

Hospitality was a prime virtue among the Iroquois. No people were more generous.

He did not believe in tyranny and he treated his wards with justice, tolerance and restraint.

He had no caste system, believing in democracy, equality and brotherhood.

He coveted no titles but believed that all men were equal.

He believed in the sacredness of property. Theft among early Indians was unknown.

He believed in cleanliness of body and in purity of morals. Chastity was an established principle with him.

He believed that a truly great man was one who had done something for his people, not one who had accumulated much wealth.

He believed that the earth was the Mother of All Things and therefore that no one owned the soil and no one had more title than another. Their whole civil policy was averse to the concentration of power in the hands of any individual, but inclined to the opposite principle of division among a number of equals.

He believed in the equality of women, giving them far more rights and power than do white races of today.

The Iroquois Peace League was a social institution which may well stand today as the most brilliant achievement in the record of man.

A merry Xmas and a happy New Year

Tom Akwesasne Mohawk
Counselor Organ.