

Bad Water branch of the Wind River, in Wyoming. Twenty-six Indians were killed, over twenty wounded and two hundred and thirty ponies captured. The troops had four killed and six wounded, among the latter being Lieutenant R. H. Young, 4th Infantry. After this punishment these two bands of Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes moved to pumpkin Butte and sent a delegation to Fort Fetterman, asking, with much bluster, whether the troops wanted war. The reply was "Yes", and that they would kill as many Indians as possible, unless the latter stopped their depredations and came into their agency. This the hostiles generally concluded to do and lost no time in coming in. Small parties of Sioux remained out, however, blundering and killing a number of persons, until a small column of troops could be sent against them, when they disappeared. Numerous raids were also made upon the settlements in the northeastern part of Nebraska and upon the friendly Ponca Indians located in that vicinity, but the loss of life was very small, the Indians capturing, however, a large amount of stock."

"July 13th, Captain Bates with Troop "B", 2nd Cavalry, struck a war party of Indians near the Sweetwater, Wyoming, killed one Indian and captured seven horses."

1875

"July 6th, the Ponca Agency, Dakota, was attacked by a band of from one hundred and fifty to two hundred Sioux. Sergeant Danvers with a detachment of eleven men Company "G", 1st Infantry, posted at the agency, loaded an old cannon with pieces of iron and with this improvised ammunition drove off the attacking party in three assaults, when the enemy withdrew."

"July 7th, near Camp Lewis, Montana, a band of about fifty Indians ran off a quantity of horses. A detachment of Company "G", 7th Infantry, under Lieutenant G. H. Wright, pursued the Indians, surprised and attacked them and recovered seven head of stolen horses."

"A summary of the situation of affairs upon the Indian and Rio Grande