Executive Department Chrotan dating May 17# 1865_ General Reports and sumours have reached me, and still are reaching me, of the disasters to the Confederate arms, East of the Missessippi River and though not official are of such a reliable nations, that they are generally belived to be true. From the banke sources, I have also information, that Commissioners are non or have been, in Threvesport, demanding the surrender of the Frans Miss, Departments. The several Indian Nations in this Terri tory were before the mar, in alliance by treaties with the Sederal Government, those treaties were annuled by reason of the expulsion of the Gederal troops from the ferritory by citi zens of the Confederate States. It thesh devolved upon us in self-protection to enter into new treaties with the Omfederale States, to the stipulations of which treaties we have ever prove True, The object of my non writing is that if it should be your intentions of hurrendering the Fram Miss Dept to the Federal authorities, that you give me the earliest information possible of the fact, and I would also take upon myself the responsibility in behalf of the several Nations and Trills of Confederated Indians to respectfully request that in any

terms of surrender you may enter into, that you do not surrender the Ichidian troops as Horisoners of mar, as me prefer making our own terms, and that a Representative front the sev--erals Nations be permitted the opportunity of an interview with the Commissioners. Ot is not our intention, or desire to act in this matter so long as there is any determination on the part of the Confederate States to continue the contest. But if the fortunes of mar compel a surrender we desire to know it as carry as practicable that me may be enabled to take steps for our own rafety and melfare. Janu Respectfully Gr Obs Serbell Principal Chief Chrotan exation Gene Chirty, Smith Commind Frans Mis Dept Deptement, Ga,

Executive Department Choctaw Nation May 17, 1865

General

Reports and rumours have reached
me, and still are reaching me, of the disasters
to the Confederate Armies, east of the Mississippi
River, and though not official are of such a
reliable nature, that they are generally believed to be true. From the same sources, I have
also information that Commissioners are now
or have been in Shrevesport, demanding the
surrender of the Trans MissiDepartments.

The several Indian Nations in the Territory were before the war, in alliance by treaties with the Federal Government, those treaties were annuled by reason of the expulsion of the Federal troops from the Territory by citizens of the Confederate States. It then devolved upon us in self-protection to enter into new treaties with the Confederate States, to the stipulations of which treaties we have ever proved true.

The object of my now writing is that if it should be your intention of surrendering the Trans Miss Dept to the Federal authorities, that you give me the earliest information possible of the fact. And I would also take upon myself the responsibility in behalf of the several nations and tribes of Confederated Indians to respectfully request that in any terms of surrender you may enter into, that you do not surrender the Indian troops as prisoners of war, as we prefer making our own terms, and that a Representative from the several Nations be permitted the opportunity of an interview with the Commissioners.

(see next page)

It is not our intention or desire to act in this matter so long as there is any determination on the part of the Confederate States to continue the contest. But if the fortunes of war compel a surrender we desire to know it as early as practicable that we may be enabled to take steps for our own safety and welfare.

I am respectfully Yr obedient servant P.P. Pitchlynn

Principal Chief Choctaw Nation

General E. Kirby Smith, Commanding

Trans-Mississippi Department Shrevesport, Louisiana