

buildings. Oh, that school was pretty good that time I was in school. They fit us, and we take a bath every week. And they going to give us the rooms, you know, to sleep. Good, Oh, they would treat us pretty good when I was in school, you know. I was just a little boy. Take a bath every week, and we get good eats all the time, three times a day. Before the railroad came through there, there was no railroad at that time. Oh, I don't know how long I was in there, in school. They they had a big school in Lawrence, Kansas, and in 1895 I went over there. I stayed there about three years. That was all. But school, you know, after three years out, you know, the government, they furnish you a ticket to come back home. Oh, they treat us pretty good - new clothes, and plenty to eat, rooms to stay in. Boy they treat us pretty good. Well, the first they called it chalk eyes, I don't know what's that for, and they got big blackboards, you know, that's where you keep your handwriting. It's a piece of wood, you know, they give you. Then they write it down. It's the only way we start to learn it. After we got used to it, we took...wrote the number. Then you start from there, and take a book, and second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, and after you finish the ninth, you have to go to high school. There was no high school at that time. After the kids got through with the ninth grade...In the fourth grade, let's see, I believe in the third grade is shorthand writing. You can learn that too you know - shorthand. I was in school in Concho. They called it Cheyenne School. There was no agent in there yet. But they had just one agent down there at Darlington. And they had it right close to the Arapaho School right there. Oh, they had big orchard, apples and peaches