first start to get feathers. That's when they use them. That's when I got them. I still got them. They're really getting old.

ARAPAHO TERMS FOR STARHAWK

(How do you say "Starhawk"?)

hωθω' ωλιάμω' The beginning of that word means "star"-hωθω' but "hawk" comes in there; too. The tail part of it
means "hawk." One star is hωθω' --this Arapaho language is
kind of hard to understand. You can use that last part of
hωθω' ωλιάμω' --as "any kind of hawk". -- ωμάμω' They got
different names, too, like "swift hawk" and "red-tail hawks".

They start different. But they wind up with the same thing-particular hawks."

(What are these swift hawks like?)

That's the original peyote feather. That's kind of a real light brown. It's got stripes on it. It's a heavy bird with shorter wings. I guess that's the bird that eats chickens, I guess. That's the one that makes that dive. They got a sharp breast. That's what they hit their (prey with). Then they come back and pick it up. The tail is not too long—it's about seven or eight inches long. You find them mostly around the Kansas border. You don't hardly see any around here.

(End of Side A)

SIDE B (First few minutes unintelligible due to mechanical difficulties)

STARHAWK SOCIETY; INVITATIONS, ETC.

(On your decisions now, when part of the Starhawks want to accept one invitation and part want to go another place--what happens?)

We go wherever we want to go--as individuals. Just up to the members, wherever he wants to go.

(For example, if the officers accepted an invitation to go to a dance at Norman, how would that work?)

If there's no other place -- they all go over there. But it's mostly up to the individuals. They don't have to be at every dance. If the officers accept the invitation, generally all