Leoking back ever the history of Colegah town, it has enjeyed considerable presperity in days long past. This part of the country was principally cattle range, but with some crep farming in the river bettems. When the Misseuri-Pacific Railread came thru in the 1880s, Colegah, along with other little towns of the area took on growth and preminence. At Colegah was built large stockyards by the railread, as well as a big grain elevator. The main streets ran parallel with the railread and another ran east-west to form the business district. Present US Highway 169 now runs along the west side of the railread, but it is of much later addition. It is said the first post office was established there in 1891 and Bill Hewett was its first postmaster. At the peak of its presperity the town had four mercantiles, drug store, lumber yard, hardware store, barber shop, saddle and harness shop, two blacksmith shops, two dector's offices, and other establishments, including the Colegah State Bank.

At the southwest edge of the city limits of Oologah, Bryan Sunday points out an old read, now closed, that was the main highway north-south thru the country when he was a young fellow. This dirt read was known as the 'O-T Trail', or 'Oklahoma-Texas Trail'.

Early settlers to the Oologah country include the Regers, Sunday, West, Harris, Bible, Walker, Sanders, Marsh, Mustain, Denny, Scruggs, McLaughlin, etc.

A mile morth and 2½ miles east of Oologah, Clem V. Regers came to this area before the Givil War and founded the old Dog Iron Ranch. Clem became one of Indian Territory's and Oklahoma's prominent men. On this ranch Will Regers was born in 1879. A part of the old ranch is new in the Will Regers State Park. The two-story ranch house was moved out of the Oologah Lake area to higher ground to be preserved.

At one time the Oologah country and all of the Verdigris River valley was Indian country. In this land lived Cherokees, Osages, Delawares, and Shawnees. Place names reflect the Indian heritage of this little part of the country, such as Claremore (for Osage Chief Clermont), Bushyhead, Talala, Watova; Nowata, Lenapah, Oowala, Sageeyah, Sequoyah, Catale, etc.

Another of the early Indian families to settle in the Cologah country were the Musgroves. Their old place was on Rabbs Creek west of Cologah near its convergence with the Caney River. Descendents of the Musgroves are prominent eitizens in Rogers County to-day.

Bryan relates that in early days his grandmother told him one day two men came by their place down on Caney River. They bought a horse and asked if they could eat supper with the family, which they were welcomed. After supper the two men left, erossing the river at a nearby ford. After the men had gone, his grandmother told him the two men were Jesse James and Cole Younger, well known outlaws of early days. When his grandmother was cleaning off the supper table she found a twenty dollar gold piece under each of the two plates where the men had taken supper.