Garland Boyd

Creek. On those memorable days the Journeycakes, Adams, Sarcoxie. Longbone, Washington, Ketchums, McUrackens, Compbells, Millers, Malleaf, Dushanes, Armstrongs, Joh stones, and others, gathered here.

When the Delaware moved to Indian Terfitory in the 1860s, John Conner was the Principal Chief, Chief Conner signed the purchase agreement with Cherokee Chief Lm. P. Wass providing for land in the Cherokee Nation for settlement of the Delawares.

J. W. Campbell and his wife Erma Journeycake Campbell established a store and home on Lightening Creek about B miles west of what is now New Alluwe. This establishment was in January of 1878, and about the same time a post office was put in there going under the name of Lightening Creek, Ind. Ferr. In 1883 the post office name was changed to Alluwe, and has remained as such since. On the north side of Panther Creek a mile or so north of New Alluwe there once stood the home of Charles Journeycake and his wife Jane Bosha Journeycake, built in 1867: In its day their bir two-story home was the showplace of the valley. New Journeycake was a Daptist minister in Kansas among the Delawares, and continued to serve them when moving to Intian ferritory. New Journeycake established the first Delaware Daptist Church in Indian Territory at Alluwe. He was the last tribal chief of the relawares, and with his passing functions of the tribe have been handled by the Lusiness Committee of the Delaware Tribe.

Put a place of happiness, peace, and the Indian way of life was not for long to the Delawares. About statehood time oil was discovered all across the old Delaware Nation. For some reason few if any of the Delawares profited from the discovery. The little oil boom brought the Usual Anglo fortune seekers of all kinds, the good and the bid. Then the first oil well was drilled in the area, there were no cors. The bod tells that the people of the area used the oil to kill ticks on hogs, rubted it on cattle, start fires, burn starps, etc. Many squeeky wagon wheels were "greased with th t crude oil.

In the north end of the Belaware country was what has long been known as the Big Greek district. Big creek country was not thickly cettled and in that rough and swampy area lived many Negro freedmen, outlaws, and cattle ranchers. A place up there known as Blue Canyon was the favorite hideout of outlaws, train robbers, and related professionals. Early Oklahoma outlaws Al Jennings and Bob dogets were in and out of Blue Canyon for years. Both of these gentleren died from lead peisoning, administered by fast drawing lawrer, and both were buried in the old Ball Cemetery, an early burial place of the Jelawares. Cole Younger was another outlaw of the early 1920s, and he was killed robbing a bank. They laid poor ble fole to rest across the river in the old Taylor Cemetery. Good friend Bob wogers was killed by the Anti-horse Thedf Association. Mr. Boyd remembers when there was a ferry across the Verdigris niver called Bullet Ford. As a young boy he recalls old man Thompson ran the ferry and he used to tell him about the outlaws that came into Indian Territory and crossed on his boat headed for the Big Creek country or the Wockson, Hills.