T-50°

July 11, 1969

(Electric tan interferred with recording.)

Inde side B, recording time 15 minutes; interview time 1 hour.

Informant:

Jeff Fields, 86 year-old Cherokee, Whitewater community, Delaware County, Okla.

Subject:

Except for a few years Mr. Fields was attending the Cherokee Male Seminary in the early part of 1900 he has lived onhis Indian allotment and with his people on whitewater Creek in this northern part of the Cherokee Nation. He is now retired from the farming and ranching life he has known, and likes to visit and talk about the olden days.

Many Cherokecs have lived in the area which includes Honey Creek, Shell Creek, Elm Creek, whitewater Creek and Butler and Peters Prairie. Mr. Fields has known many of them in his time. Old Man Tom Rabbit and Old Man Cheater were of the well known Cherokees in his orly days. He remembers Rov. Davo Bucket as one of the highly respected Cherokees that lived over half a century ago. Huckleberry Shell and Annie Snail were two others that were held in high regard and respect for work among the Indians of that country. Butlers, Masters, Cheaters, Hawks, Sturrs, Gourds, Downings, Lowreys, Silversmiths, and Fox were among a few of the other Indian namelies that lived in Mr. Fields immediate area. Also, Rev. John Butler was another of the Baders of the Whitewater Country and it was from his family that Butle School and Butier Prairie took its name.

Mr. Fields talks about the old Indian cemeteries that were a part of his area. Even though some or them have disappeared ne names a few: Shell, Starr, Bucket, Downing, Cheater, Scraper, ward, England, Butler, and Peters Prairie. Only a very few are used anymore, as most of the older indians have died and the younger ones moved away Louving no one to sare for these places. Some have been deliberately removed to make may for cittle pastures, cow lots, etc.

In the old days part of the Indians' day of life das found to mostance, instever occasion it might be. "Sucally the gatherings would be what is now days college "stomp desce", but to the Aminiormed these were religious and Ceremonial dances. Dances fre the Indians' ay of worship, glving thanks, and comressing gratitude to the Creat Spirit, and just as important and sincere to the parailed of the whiteman's worship. He recalls the times great numbers of Indians would go to Hore Ringe, Sycamore, Finey, providing Greek; HuSkrat Hollow, and eweet ater (Hollow to hold their ritual dances and meetings. Also, they would go to Grey's Projrie and the Eucha country, No longer do the valleys and . hill vibrate to the beat of the ceremonial drum, for these things are now only in the memory of the prophe who lived in another time. Travel in those days was a major undertaking as we would look at it now, but the rough roads and trails wer just part of the way of tile and two or three days of travel by wagon rosed no problem.