- 4. Develop and provide the widest possible range of appropriate contraceptives to meet women's multiple needs throughout their lives:
 - give priority to the development of women-controlled methods that
 protect against sexually transmitted infections, as well as pregnancy, in
 order to redress the current imbalances in contraceptive technology
 research, development and delivery;
 - ensure availability and promote universal use of good quality condoms;
 - ensure that technology research is respectful of women's right to full
 information and free choice, and is not concentrated among low income or
 otherwise disadvantaged women, or particular racial groups.
- 5. Ensure sufficient financial resources to meet the goals outlined above. Expand public funding for health, clean water and sanitation, and maternity care, as well as birth control. Establish better collaboration and coordination among UN, donors, governments and other agencies in order to use resources most effectively for women's health.
- 6. Design and promote policies for wider social, political and economic transformation that will allow women to negotiate and manage their own sexuality and health, make their own life choices, and participate fully in all levels of government and society.

NECESSARY CONDITIONS

In order for women to control their sexuality and reproductive health, and to exercise their reproductive rights, the following actions are priorities:

1. Women Decision Makers

Using participatory processes, fill at least 50 percent of decision-making positions in all relevant agencies with women who agree with the principles described here, who have a demonstrated commitment to advancing women's rights, and who are linked to the women to be served, taking into account income, ethnicity and race.

2. Financial Resources

As present expenditure levels are totally inadequate, multiply at least four-fold the money available to implement the program requirements listed in this Declaration.