- 3. Assure personally and locally appropriate, affordable good quality, comprehensive reproductive and sexual health services for women of all ages, provided on a voluntary basis without incentives or disincentives, including but not limited to:
 - legislation to allow safe access to all appropriate means of birth control;
 - balanced attention to all aspects of sexual and reproductive health, including pregnancy, delivery and postpartum care; safe and legal abortion services; safe choices among contraceptive methods including barrier methods; information, prevention and treatment of STDs, AIDS, infertility, and other gynecological problems; child care services; and policies to support men's parenting and household responsibilities;
 - nondirective counselling to enable women to make free, fully informed choices among birth control methods as well as other health services;
 - discussion and information on sexuality, gender roles and power relationships, reproductive health and rights;
 - management information systems that follow the woman or man, not simply the contraceptive method or service;
 - training to enable all staff to be gender sensitive, respectful service providers, along with procedures to evaluate and reward performance on the basis of the quality of care provided, not simply the quantity of services;
 - program evaluation and funding criteria that utilize the standards defined here to eliminate unsafe or coercive practices, as well as sexist, classist or racist bias;
 - inclusion of reproductive health as a central component of all public health programs, including population programs, recognizing that women require information and services not just in the reproductive ages but before and after;
 - research into what services women want, how to maintain women's integrity, and how to promote their overall health and well-being.