alvayg have thought that the Apechos tried to be hurorous when they gave ne that nane, for 1 vas very balc; actually my forehead seened to extend on and on, almoet to the back of my neck.

Three months passed in peace and good fellowship. About the midale of April. I went dom to Tucson, a horseback ride of one hundred and twenty-five miles, to transact some acency business. There I learned that the Chiricahua Apaches, over in the Dragoon Lountains, had gone on the warpath. The Chiricahuas were supposed to be the most intractable of the Apache tribes. Onder one of their submchiefs, Pionsenay, bend of Chiricahuas had attacised the overland stage, killed two white men, burned houses, stolen cattle,raised the dovil eenerelly.
'Southern Arizona wac in terror. Governor Sefford called me in conference, told me rolks around Tucson were saying that I had known all about this outbreak before I left San Carlos; thet I feared wy San Carlos Apachas would join the raiding Chiricahuaa; that I had run away from the agency because I was scared. The fact was, of course, that I knew nothine whatsoever about the Chiricehuas. They had been living on their own agency, in the extreme southeastern corner of Arizona. Tom Jeffords was their agent, and several troops of United States Cavalry were stationed only a mile away from their agency, at Fort Bowie. It certainiy was not any of my business. But I did not like the talk around town that I was scared. I left the Governor's office at once, mounted ny horse, and rode, alone, back orer the trail, one hundred and twenty-five miles to San Carlos. We had a big smoke and a big taik. I told my Apaches that sone bad Chiricahuas were on the warpath, and that Whenite folks at cucson were afraid ny forty-two hundred San Carlos Indians would join the Chiricahuas. Instantly, the conference became agitated. All the chefs were talking to each other and to me, at the sane tine.

