issued by the Govermont. But sinise this lessiah craze had come among them iitting Bull and his adherents had not been near the agency. They had kept their cilildren avay from the schools and done other thines in defiance of the regulations of the agency, and were spending their whole time in the so-called "ghost dance" and other forms of religious frenzy, and were manifesting in every way a sullen and hostile attitude. No. Jaughlin had sent requests and orders to $3 i t t i n g$ Bull to come in, but the old man had refused or failed to obey.

ISeentime there was trouble among other tribes of the Sioux farther South and a large force of them were gathered under the leaderahip of Big Foot in South bakota. Nelaughlin had feare that Sittingsull would take his following to that rendezvous. There were attached to the agency twenty unifomod Indian police, as couraceous and loyal a body of warriors as ever trod the prairie in miccasins. With these men NeLaughiln was keoping close watch upon every movenent that sitting Bull or sny of his poople made. Me and our post-comrander, Colonel Drum (Lieutenant Colonel, 12th Infantry) were acting in full harmony and acord. McLaughlin was anxious to handie his Indians without the intervention or assistance of the military. He knew, and Colonel Drum knew, that the instant soldiers take a hand in the control of the Indians it means war. The Indians will either resiat and fight or they will take to flight and leave their reservation. So up to this time, the 14th of December, no exereise or show of military authority had been made in connection with the troubles in this reservation. All troops had been kept strictly in the gerrison in order that sitting

