who were camped about Fort Keogh.

the surrender of XX those who had flocked to SB's standard at last took him the power to assert himself as a great chief. Whileproof cannot in the nature of the case be adduced, there is little room for doubt that the long arry of those Indians northof the boundary was brought about by a corrupt liance of one offivial with the traders in the Northwest Territory who roffited greatly by trading with them. At last, deserted by all but his mmediated familyxxxxxxxxofollowing, too weak and ill-supplied to maintain a hostile attitude, too poor by the sale or robbery of his effects to tempt the cupidity of those who greaphivally describe themselves as "noton the fromtier for their health," SB surrendered at Fort Buford, at the mouth of the yellowstone, July 20, 1881. The combiation in xx his mien of the grandeur of the great prince in misfortune and the thrifteness of the showman was irresistibly funny. Holding himself in sorrowful reserve within his teepee, he stationed one of his young men at the entrance to collect a quarter of a dallar from each one of the throng of eager visitors.

dollar from each one of the throng of eager visitors.

General Mies was promoted in Mecember, 1880, which severed his connection with the 5th Infantry. 9f that relations it which existed for eleven years and a half years, it falls quite within the truth th say, no commander was ever ever more ably led; no commander was evermore loyally nand bravely followed.

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Thexindians of whom SB was the best known, saw in the disaffection and hallucination an opportunity to recover xxx their fast waning power; and the boys and young men, who had grown up in a period of peace and had listened to the recital of the deeds of their sires under the old regime, burned with zeal to emulate them.

Even a partial execution of his plans afforded this protection; durling the trouble, from :ovember 15, 1890 to January 25, 1891, not a person was killed by Indians coutside the boundaries of an Indians reservation, and the homes and property of adjacent settlers were un molested.

Doubtless one of SB's own race would call him an undending patriot. "The Great Spitit mmade me an Indian and did not make me an Agency Indian, and he proudly asserted to General Miles under a flag of truce, in the fail of 1876, when backed up by a thousand braves. There are, however, but two gain goals for the Indians-vivilization or annihilation; SB has the latter, as doubtless he would have preferred.

Indians (the men) naturally look upon the arts of peace very much as the knights of the past ages did. War is their pastime; by it come glory, honor, leadership. It is unlikely that theplace of the Indians as peaceful citizens will approach their place as warriors. "Justice and judgement," the one to protet, the other justly to punish them, have been too greatly lacking. It remains yet to be seen whether the future will be better than the past.