Soon I shall see my child, Soon I shall see my child, Says your mother, Says your mother.

This song evidently relates the trance vision of a mother who saw her child in the spirit world, and expresses the hope that she may soon be united with him. In accordance with the custom of the Ghost dance, it is probable that she made a pair of moccasing to give him when next they met, and that she carried them in the dance as she

26. Waka'ñyañ iñya'ñkiñ-kte

Waka'ñyañ iñya'nkiñ-kte, Waka'nyan inya'nkin-kte, Changăle'shka wan luza'han inya'nkin-kte, Changăle'shka wan luza'han inya'nkin-kte, Wanwa'yag upo, wanwa'yag upo, A'te he'ye lo, a'te he'ye lo.

Translation

The holy (hoop) shall run, The holy (hoop) shall run, The swift hoop shall run, The swift hoop shall run. Come and see it. Come and see it. Says the father, Says the father.

This song refers to the game wheel and sticks (bä'qati, Arapaho) already described in the Arapaho songs. It is said that the medicineman of Big Foot's band carried such a hoop with him in their flight, from the north, and displayed it in every dance held by the band until upon the center tree at the dance at No Water's camp near Pipe Riage.

To the Indian it symbolizes the revival of the old-time games. r The flithis of him.

A'găli (-ye) — they have returned; waku, I am returning or coming home; wagali', I have returned.

Ahi' (-ye)—they have come; wa-u', I come; hi, he has come.

A-icha'gha -- growing upon; from kagha, to grow or spring up.

A'te or Ate-ye—father; ate kiñ, the father; ate-mita, my father; ni'-ate, your father; at-kuku, his or her father. Ye is a syl-Table sometimes added to fill in the

Ati'-ye—set up the tipi; here ye is the imperative suffix.

Aya'găli'pi-kte-you (plural) will take home with you, you will bring back with you; from awa găle, I take it home. Changăle'shka—a hoop; the ba'qati hoop.

See Sioux song 26, and Arapaho songs. Chanku'-road, trail.

Chăno'npa — pipe; o'npa, to smoke; cha'nli, tobacco.

Cha-yani'pi-kta-you (plural) will live; from ni'wa-uñ, I live, I go about alive; the regular form is Yanipi-kta q. v.

Cheya'ya—he is constantly crying. Wache'yă, I cry; the final ya implies repetition or habit.